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association knows that another attorney within the firm, partnership, or association is undertaking or continuing representation in such a matter:

- (i) The disqualified former covered USG attorney must ensure that he or she is screened from any participation in the matter and is apportioned no part of the fee or any other benefit therefrom; and.
- (ii) Must provide written notice promptly to the appropriate Government agency to enable it to ascertain compliance with the provisions of applicable law and regulations.
- (2) Except as the law or regulations may otherwise expressly permit, a former covered USG attorney, who has information known to be confidential Government information about a person which was acquired while a covered USG attorney, may not represent a private client whose interests are adverse to that person in a matter in which the information could be used to the material disadvantage of that person. The former covered USG attorney may continue association with a firm, partnership, or association representing any such client only if the disqualified covered USG attorney is screened from any participation in the matter and is apportioned no part of the fee or any other benefit therefrom.
- (3) Except as the law or regulations may otherwise expressly permit, a covered USG attorney shall not:
- (i) Participate in a matter in which the covered USG attorney participated personally and substantially while in private practice or nongovernmental employment, unless under applicable law no one is, or by lawful delegation may be, authorized to act in the covered USG attorney's stead in the matter; or,
- (ii) Negotiate for private employment with any person who is involved as a party or as attorney for a party in a matter in which the covered USG attorney is participating personally and substantially.
- (4) As used in this section, the term "matter" includes:
- (i) Any judicial or other proceeding, application, request for a ruling or other determination, contract, claim, controversy, investigation, charge, accusation, arrest, or other particular

matter involving a specific party or parties, and

- (ii) Any other matter covered by the conflict of interest rules of the Department of Defense, DON, or other appropriate Government agency.
- (5) As used in this section, the term "confidential Governmental information" means information which has been obtained under Governmental authority and which, at the time this Rule is applied, the Government is prohibited by law or regulations from disclosing to the public or has a legal privilege not to disclose, and which is not otherwise available to the public.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§ 776.31 Former judge or arbitrator.

- (a) Former judge or arbitrator: (1) Except as stated in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, a covered USG attorney shall not represent anyone in connection with a matter in which the covered USG attorney participated personally and substantially as a judge or other adjudicative officer, arbitrator, or law clerk to such a person, unless all parties to the proceeding consent after disclosure.
- (2) A covered USG attorney shall not negotiate for employment with any person who is involved as a party or as attorney for a party in a matter in which the covered USG attorney is participating personally and substantially as a judge or other adjudicative officer. A covered USG attorney serving as law clerk to a judge, other adjudicative officer, or arbitrator may negotiate for employment with a party or attorney involved in a matter in which the clerk is participating personally and substantially, but only after the covered USG attorney has notified the judge, other adjudicative officer, or arbitrator, and been disqualified from further involvement in the matter.
- (3) An arbitrator selected as a partisan of a party in a multi-member arbitration panel is not prohibited from subsequently representing that party.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§ 776.32 Department of the Navy as client.

(a) Department of Navy as client: (1) Except when representing an individual client pursuant to paragraph (a)(6) of

this section, a covered USG attorney represents the DON (or the Executive agency to which assigned) acting through its authorized officials. These officials include the heads of organizational elements within the Naval service, such as the commanders of fleets, divisions, ships and other heads of activities. When a covered USG attorney is assigned to such an organizational element and designated to provide legal services to the head of the organization, an attorney-client relationship exists between the covered attorney and the DON as represented by the head of the organization as to matters within the scope of the official business of the organization. The head of the organization may not invoke the attorney-client privilege or the rule of confidentiality for the head of the organization's own benefit but may invoke either for the benefit of the DON. In invoking either the attorney-client privilege or attorney-client confidentiality on behalf of the DON, the head of the organization is subject to being overruled by higher authority.

(2) If a covered USG attorney knows that an officer, employee, or other member associated with the organizational client is engaged in action, intends to act or refuses to act in a matter related to the representation that is either adverse to the legal interests or obligations of the DON or a violation of law which reasonably might be imputed to the Department, the covered USG attorney shall proceed as is reasonably necessary in the best interest of the Naval service. In determining how to proceed, the covered USG attorney shall give due consideration to the seriousness of the violation and its consequences, the scope and nature of the covered USG attorney's representation, the responsibility in the Naval service and the apparent motivation of the person involved, the policies of the Naval service concerning such matters, and any other relevant considerations. Any measures taken shall be designed to minimize prejudice to the interests of the Naval service and the risk of revealing information relating to the representation to persons outside the service. Such measures shall include among others:

- (i) Asking for reconsideration of the matter by the acting official;
- (ii) Advising that a separate legal opinion on the matter be sought for presentation to appropriate authority in the Naval service;
- (iii) Referring the matter to, or seeking guidance from, higher authority in the chain of command including, if warranted by the seriousness of the matter, referral to the supervisory attorney assigned to the staff of the acting official's next superior in the chain of command; or
- (iv) Advising the acting official that his or her personal legal interests are at risk and that he or she should consult counsel as there may exist a conflict of interests for the covered USG attorney, and the covered USG attorney's responsibility is to the organization.
- (3) If, despite the covered USG attorney's efforts per paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the highest authority that can act concerning the matter insists upon action or refuses to act, in clear violation of law, the covered USG attorney shall terminate representation with respect to the matter in question. In no event shall the attorney participate or assist in the illegal activity. In this case, a covered USG attorney shall report such termination of representation to the attorney's supervisory attorney or attorney representing the next superior in the chain of command.
- (4) In dealing with the officers, employees, or members of the Naval service a covered USG attorney shall explain the identity of the client when it apparent that the Naval service's interests are adverse to those of the officer, employee, or member.
- (5) A covered USG attorney representing the Naval service may also represent any of its officers, employees, or members, subject to the provisions of §776.26 of this part and other applicable authority. If the DON's consent to dual representation is required by §776.26 of this part, the consent shall be given by an appropriate official of the DON other than the individual who is to be represented.
- (6) A covered USG attorney who has been duly assigned to represent an individual who is subject to disciplinary action or administrative proceedings,

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or to provide legal assistance to an individual, has, for those purposes, an attorney-client relationship with that individual.

(b) [Reserved]

§ 776.33 Client with diminished capacity.

- (a) Client with diminished capacity: (1) When a client's ability to make adequately considered decisions in connection with the representation is diminished, whether because of minority, mental impairment, or for some other reason, the covered attorney shall, as far as reasonably possible, maintain a normal attorney-client relationship with the client.
- (2) When the covered attorney reasonably believes that the client has diminished capacity, is at risk of substantial physical, financial, or other harm unless action is taken and cannot adequately act in the client's own interest, the covered attorney may take reasonably necessary protective action, including consulting with individuals or entities that have the ability to take action to protect the client.
- (3) Information relating to the representation of a client with diminished capacity is protected by §776.25 of this part. When taking protective action pursuant to paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the covered attorney is impliedly authorized under §776.25 of this part to reveal information about the client, but only to the extent reasonably necessary to protect the client's interests.
 - (b) [Reserved]

[75 FR 52861, Aug. 30, 2010]

§ 776.34 Safekeeping property.

- (a) Safekeeping property. Covered USG attorneys shall not normally hold or safeguard property of a client or third persons in connection with representational duties. See §776.27 of this part.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§ 776.35 Declining or terminating representation.

(a) Declining or terminating representation: (1) Except as stated in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, a covered attorney shall not represent a client or, when representation has commenced, shall seek to withdraw from the representation of a client if:

- (i) The representation will result in violation of the Rules contained in this subpart or other law or regulation;
- (ii) The covered attorney's physical or mental condition materially impairs his or her ability to represent the client: or
- (iii) The covered attorney is dismissed by the client.
- (2) Except as stated in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, a covered attorney may seek to withdraw from representing a client if withdrawal can be accomplished without material adverse effect on the interests of the client, or if:
- (i) The client persists in a course of action involving the covered attorney's services that the covered attorney reasonably believes is criminal or fraudulent:
- (ii) The client has used the covered attorney's services to perpetrate a crime or fraud;
- (iii) The client insists upon pursuing an objective that the covered attorney considers repugnant or imprudent;
- (iv) In the case of covered non-USG attorneys, the representation will result in an unreasonable financial burden on the attorney or has been rendered unreasonably difficult by the client; or
- (v) Other good cause for withdrawal exists.
- (3) When ordered to do so by a tribunal or other competent authority, a covered attorney shall continue representation notwithstanding good cause for terminating the representation.
- (4) Upon termination of representation, a covered attorney shall take steps to the extent reasonably practicable to protect a client's interests, such as giving reasonable notice to the client, allowing time for assignment or employment of other counsel, and surrendering papers and property to which the client is entitled and, where a non-USG attorney provided representation, refunding any advance payment of fee that has not been earned. The covered attorney may retain papers relating to the client to the extent permitted by law.
- (b) [Reserved]